Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHE) policy, encompassing Relationships and Sex Education (RSE), (from 2020)

Vine Tree Primary School



Approved by:	Date:
Last reviewed on:	
Next review due by:	

1. Intent

The aims of PSHE and RSE at our school are to:

- > Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- > Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- > Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- > Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- > Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies
- > To promote diversity within our school and the wider community
- > To ensure that pupils can recognise the importance of their own safety and well-being and know ways to get help when needed

2. Statutory requirements

As a maintained primary school we must provide relationships education to all pupils as per section 34 of the Children and Social work act 2017.

However, we are not required to provide sex education but we do need to teach the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum (Appendix 5)

In teaching RSE, we must have regard to <u>guidance</u> issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the <u>Education Act 1996</u>. The outcomes of which are listed in Appendix 3.

At Vine Tree Primary School we teach PHSE/RSE as set out in this policy.

3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- 1. Pupil consultation we investigated what exactly pupils want and need from their PHSE/RSE
- 2. Parent Consultation we investigated what parents felt was important to include in our PSHE/RSE curriculum
- 3. Staff Consultation Staff were consulted on their thoughts and feelings regarding the content of the PHSE/RSE curriculum
- 4. Review the PSHE lead teacher pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
- 5. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents, staff and any interested parties were invited to share their feedback on the PSHE/RSE Policy and its associated curriculum
- 6. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

4. Definition

PHSE/RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

PHSE/RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

PHSE/RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

5. Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, pupils and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

Primary sex education will focus on:

- > Preparing boys and girls for the changes that adolescence brings
- > How a baby is conceived and born

For more information about our curriculum, see Appendix 1 and 2

6. Implementation

RSE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum, and other aspects are included in religious education (RE).

Pupils also receive stand-alone sex education sessions delivered by a trained health professional.

Relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

- > Families and people who care for me
- > Caring friendships
- > Respectful relationships
- > Online relationships
- > Being safe

In addition to the Science National Curriculum, Vine Tree Primary School teach sex education following the Medway Primary PSHE Education Relationships and Sex Education scheme of work. An overview of what is taught and at which point it is taught can be found in Appendices 1 and 2.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

7. Roles and responsibilities

7.1 The governing board

The governing board will approve the PHSE/RSE policy, and hold the headteacher to account for its implementation.

7.2 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that PHSE/RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from [non-statutory/non-science] components of PHSE/RSE (see section 8).

7.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- > Delivering PHSE/RSE in a sensitive way
- > Modelling positive attitudes to PHSE/RSE
- Monitoring progress
- > Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- > Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the [non-statutory/non-science] components of PHSE/RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching PHSE/RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching PHSE/RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the headteacher.

7.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in PHSE/RSE and, when discussing issues related to PHSE/RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

8. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents do not have the right to withdraw their children from relationships education.

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the [non-statutory/non-science] components of sex education within RSE.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 3 of this policy and addressed to the headteacher.

Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

9. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of PHSE/RSE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching PHSE/RSE when necessary.

10. Resources

We follow the resources and guidance outlined in the PSHE association Programme of Study. This organised into three themes: Health and Wellbeing, Relationships and Living in the Wider world and contains many resources created by the PSHE association. Lessons may also include resources published by:

The Medway Public Health Directorate (appendix 2)

NSPCC (https://learning.nspcc.org.uk/research-resources/schools/pants-teaching)

The Metro Charity (https://metrocharity.org.uk/youth/hbt-anti-bullying-programme)

The Alzheimer's Society https://www.alzheimers.org.uk/get-involved/dementia-friendly-communities/dementia-teaching-resources

Think U Know https://www.thinkuknow.co.uk/professionals/resources/

The Red Cross https://lifeliveit.redcross.org.uk/

Coram Life Education https://www.coramlifeeducation.org.uk/adoptables/

Premier League Primary Stars https://plprimarystars.com/

Worcester University

Betty for schools https://bettyforschools.co.uk/resources

RSPCA https://education.rspca.org.uk/education/teachers/primary/compassionateclass

Giving help to others http://givingtohelpothers.org/

Parentzone https://parentzone.org.uk/legendshome

Rise Above https://campaignresources.phe.gov.uk/schools/topics/rise-above/overview?WT.mc id=RiseAboveforSchools PSHEA EdComs Resource listing Sep17

CBBFC https://www.cbbfc.co.uk/grown-ups/free-pshe-primary-school-lesson-plans

Childnet https://www.childnet.com/resources/trust-me

This list will be reviewed and other age appropriate resources may be used.

Alongside the PSHE Associate programme of study, RSE/PSHE lessons will include lessons to teach the Equality Act using the 'No Outsiders in Our School' scheme of work published by Andrew Moffatt. This uses a range of children's picture books to teach a range of themes as outlined in Appendix 1.

11. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by the Senior Leadership team through:

planning scrutinies, learning walks, book looks and pupil feedback.

Pupils' development in PHSE/RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by Miss N Thomas (PSHE Lead teacher) annually. At every review, the policy will be approved by the governing board.

Appendix 1: Curriculum map (Long term plan)

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS	New Beginnings	Getting on and Falling Out	Relationships	Good to be Me	Going for Goals	Changes
No Outsiders in Our School Book Link		You choose by Nick Sharratt and Pippa Goodheart	Blue Chameleon by Emily Gravett	Red Rockets and Rainbow Jelly by Sue Heap and Nick Sharratt Red Rockets Rainbow Jelly	The Family Book by Todd Parr	Mommy Mama and Me by Leslea Newman and Carol Thompson
No Outsiders in our school Learning Intention		To say what I think	To make friends with someone different	To understand that it's OK to like different things	To understand that all families are different	To celebrate my family
Year 1	What is the same and different about us?	Who is special to us?	What helps us stay healthy?	What can we do with money?	Who helps us to keep safe?	How can we look after each other and the world?
No Outsiders in Our School Book Link	Elmer by David McKee	My Grandpa is Amazing by Nick Butterworth My Grandpa is AMAZING Nick Butterworth	Max the Champion by Sean Stockdale, Alexandra Strick and Ros Asquith		Ten Little Pirates by Mike Brownlow and Simon Rickerty TEN LITTLE PIRATES MIKE Brownlow & Simon Rickerty	My World, Your World by Melanie Walsh * my world, your world ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
No Outsiders in our school Learning Intention	To like the way I am	To recognise that people are different ages	To understand that our bodies work in different ways		To play with boys and girls	To understand that we share the world with lots of people

Year 2	What makes a good friend?	What is bullying?	What jobs do people do?	What helps us to stay safe?	What helps us grow and stay healthy?	How do we recognise our feelings?
No Outsiders in Our School Book Link	The Great big book of families by Mary Hoffman and Ros Asquit h Book of Families		The first Slodge by Jeanne Willis THE FIRST SLODGE	The Odd Egg by Emily Gravett The Odd Egg Emily Gravett	Just Because by Rebecca Elliot Blcquse Rebecchion Thurwhold Thurwhold Laydon Mind	Blown Away by Rob Biddulph Roberts Ro
No Outsiders in our school Learning Intention	To understand what diversity is		To understand how we share the world	To understand what makes someone feel proud	To feel proud of being different	To be able to work with everyone in my class
Year 3	How can we be a good friend?	What keeps us safe?	What are families like?	What makes a community?	Why should we eat well and look after our teeth?	Why should we keep active and sleep well?
No Outsiders in Our School Book Link	Beegu by Alexis Deacon Alexis Deacon BEEGU	Oliver by Birgitta Sif	Two Monsters by David McKee TWO MONSTERS David McKee	This is Our House by Michael Rosen This Is OUT HOUSE MICHAEL ROSEN BOB GRAHAM		The Hueys in the New Jumper by Oliver Jeffers The HUEYS in THE PLANT OF THE PLANT
No Outsiders in our school Learning Intention	To be welcoming	To understand how difference can affect someone	To find a solution to a problem	To understand what 'discrimination means'		Use strategies to help someone who feels different

Year 4	What strengths, skills and interests do we have?	How do we treat each other with respect?	How can we manage our feelings?	How will we grow and change?	How can our choices make a difference to others and the environment?	How can we manage risk in different places?
No Outsiders in Our School Book Link	Dogs don't do ballet by Anna Kemp and Sara Ogilvie	The Way back home by Oliver Jeffers The Way back home by Oliver Jeffers	King and King by Linda de Hann and Stern Nijland King & King	The Flower by John Light THE LOWER AND PARTY AND AND PARTY	Red: A Crayon's Story by Michael Hall Red: A Crayon's Story	
No Outsiders in our school Learning Intention	To know when to be assertive	To overcome language as a barrier	To understand why people choose to get married	To ask questions	To be who you want to be	
Year 5	What makes up a person's identity?	What decisions can people make with money?	How can we help in an accident or emergency?	How can friends communicate safely?	How can drugs common to every day life affect health?	What jobs would we like?
No Outsiders in Our School Book Link	And Tango Makes Three by Justin Richardson and Peter Parnell and tango three Junt Richards And Tango	Where the Poppies Now Grow by Hilary Robinson and Martin Impey Where The Poppies New Greek	How to Heal a Broken Wing by Bob Graham Broken Broken Broken Broken ROB GRAHAM	Rose Blanche by Ian McEwan and Roberto Innocenti		The Artist who Painted a Blue Horse by Eric Carle
No Outsiders in our school Learning Intention	To accept people who are different from me	To learn from our past	To recognise when someone needs help	To justify my actions		To appreciate artistic freedom

Year 6	How can we keep health	ny as we grow?	How can the media inf	luence people?	What will change as we independent? How do friendships ch	
No Outsiders in Our School Book Link	Love you forever by Robert Munsch LOVE YOU FOREVER WEITTEN BY MOBERT MA, Sect. ILLYRRITED BY SHELLA M. R. R. W.		My Princess Boy by Cheryl Kilodavis and Suzanne DeSimone	The Whisperer by Nick Butterworth NICK BUTTERWORTH THE WHISPERER	The Island by Armin Greder THE ISLAND	Dreams of Freedom by Amnesty International DREAMS & FREEDOM
No Outsiders in our school Learning Intention	To consider how my life may change as I grow up		To promote diversity	To stand up to discrimination	To challenge the causes of racism	To recognise my freedom

Health and Well-being	Relationships	Living in the Wider World

Appendix 2: Medway Primary PSHE Educations Relationships and Sex Education Scheme of Work Overview of lessons and intended outcomes

Lesson	Learning objectives We are learning:	Intended learning outcomes We can:
Year 1 or 2 My special people	about the special people in our lives and how we care for one another	identify our own special people explain what makes them special to us and why they are important in our lives describe the different ways our special people care for us recognise how we can care for them in return
Year 1 or 2 We are growing: human life cycle	about how we change as we grow	recognise the main stages of the human life cycle (baby, child, adult) recognise that the process of growing takes time and describe what changes when people grow from young to old identify ways we are more independent now than when we were younger describe our feelings about growing and changing
Year 1 or 2 Everybody's body	about the differences and similarities between people	 describe similarities and differences between ourselves and others challenge simple stereotypes about boys and girls recognise and use the correct names for main parts of the body

Year 3 What makes a good friend?	about friendship – why it is important and what makes a good friend	 recognise the different types of friendships that are important to us (eg: family, friends, groups we belong to, neighbours) explain why friendship and having friends is valuable identify how friends show they care for and value each other describe what makes a good friendship and what is most important in a friendship
Year 3 Falling out with friends	 how to maintain good friendships about solving disagreements and conflict amongst themselves and their peers 	 identify what helps maintain friendships describe feelings when disagreements and conflict occur identify what can help and not help if there are friendship problems demonstrate strategies for solving arguments with peers
Year 4 or 5 Puberty: time to change	about some of the physical changes experienced during puberty	 identify some of the physical changes that happen to bodies during puberty explain that puberty begins and ends at different times for different people use scientific vocabulary for external male and female body parts/genitalia

Year 4 or 5 Puberty: menstruation and wet dreams	about the physical changes that happen to males and females during puberty	 use to use scientific vocabulary for external and internal male and female body parts/genitalia explain what happens during menstruation (periods) explain what is meant by ejaculation and wet dreams
Year 4 or 5 Puberty: personal hygiene	 about the importance of personal hygiene during puberty to respond to questions about puberty 	 explain how and why it is important to keep clean during puberty describe ways of managing physical change during puberty respond to questions and give advice to others about puberty
Year 4 or 5 Puberty: emotions and feelings	 how and why emotions may change during puberty about getting appropriate help, advice and support about puberty 	describe how emotions and relationships may change during puberty know where we can get the help and support we need in relation to puberty
Year 6 Puberty: recap and review	more about the changes that happen at puberty (recap from year 4 or 5)	describe the physical and emotional changes that occur during puberty and how to manage these identify myths and facts about puberty, and what is important for a young person to know demonstrate how to begin conversations (or ask questions) about puberty with people that can help us

Year 6 Puberty: change and becoming independent	about managing change - new roles and responsibilities as we grow up	describe some changes that happen as we grow up identify the range of feelings associated with change, transition to secondary school and becoming more independent describe practical strategies to cope with growing up, becoming more independent and taking on new responsibilities
Year 6 Positive and healthy relationships	 about what constitutes a positive, healthy relationship that relationships can change over time 	describe some changes that happen as we grow up identify the range of feelings associated with change, transition to secondary school and becoming more independent describe practical strategies to cope with growing up, becoming more independent and taking on new responsibilities
Year 6 How babies are made	 about adult relationships and the human life cycle about human reproduction (how a baby is made and how it grows) 	 identify the links between love, committed relationships / marriage and conception explain what sexual intercourse is and explain that this may be one part of an intimate relationship between consenting adults explain what pregnancy means, how long it lasts and where it occurs i.e.: that a baby is made when a sperm (male) meets an egg /ovum (female) and then the fertilised egg settles into the lining of the uterus (or womb) (female)

Appendix 3: By the end of primary school pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families and people who care about me	 That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives
	• That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care
	• That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up
	• That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong
	• How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed
Caring	How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends
friendships	• The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties
	That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded
	• That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right
	• How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Respectful relationships	• The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs
	Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships
	The conventions of courtesy and manners
	The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness
	• That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority
	About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help
	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive
	The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults
Online	That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not
relationships	• That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous
	• The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them
	How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met
	How information and data is shared and used online

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Being safe	What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)
	 About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe
	• That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact
	How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know
	How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult
	How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard
	How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so
	Where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources

Appendix 4: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within PSHE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS						
Name of child		Class				
Name of parent		Date				
Reason for withdrawing from sex education within relationships and sex education						
Any other inform	ation you would like the scho	ol to consid	er			
Parent signature						
TO BE COMPLET	ED BY THE SCHOOL					
Agreed actions from discussion with parents						

Appendix 5: Sex Education covered within the Science National Curriculum

Year 1	identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.		
Year 2	notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults.		
Year 5	describe the changes as humans develop to old age. (Pupils should draw a timeline to indicate stages in the growth and development of humans. They should learn about the changes experienced in puberty. Pupils could work scientifically by researching the gestation periods of other animals and comparing them with humans; by finding out and recording the length and mass of a baby as it grows.)		